Meeting Vision Requirements of Future Combat Systems



The Issues

- How are visual demands changing?
- What aspects of visual performance are going to be key?
- What we've learned about vision in aviation.
- Should there be a new standard?

- Computer systems
- Displays





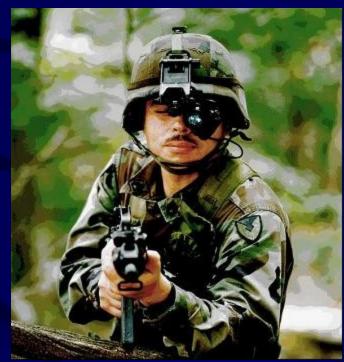
Sighting Systems





 Night and Night Vision Goggles (NVGs)





 Night and Night Vision Goggles (NVGs)







- Augmented vision
- Virtual reality
- Remote vision





Using this display panel in the TB-64 Apartic Lengthen, Army pilots would their shifty in thy the History Dismansed Arctid Vehicle-ducing the engaing Joint Contingency Force Advanced Worlighting Experiment of Fort Holls, Lo.





Key aspects of vision A B C

- Acuity
- Binocular Vision
- Color Vision
- (peripheral vision, visual field, motion detection, distance estimation, visual threshold, etc)

Current standards for acuity & how tested

- Aviation
 - 20/20 each eye (best corrected)
 - No worse than 20/50 each eye (uncorrected)
- Standard Service (best corrected)
 - -20/40 in one eye and 20/70 in the other or
 - 20/30 in one eye and 20/100 in the other or
 - 20/20 in one eye and 20/400 in the other

Much ado about acuity

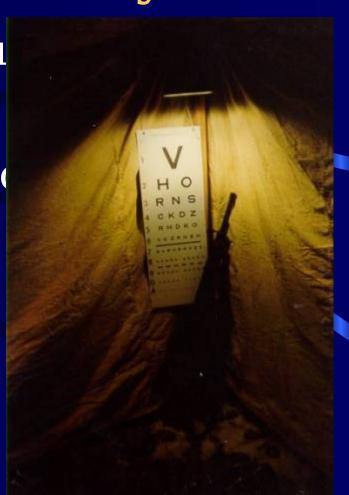
- Individuals with "normal" acuity, but decreased contrast sensitivity are more affected under low contrast conditions (e.g. night or low luminance)
- In other words Acuity = Vision





Research in acuity and contrast sensitivity

- Effects of refractive su
- Effects of defocus
- Effects of low luminant

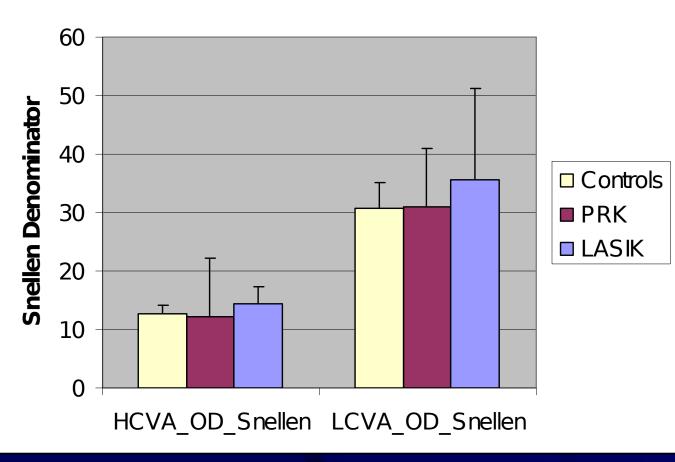


(High and Low Contrast Acuity)

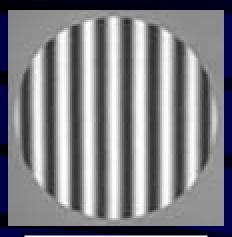




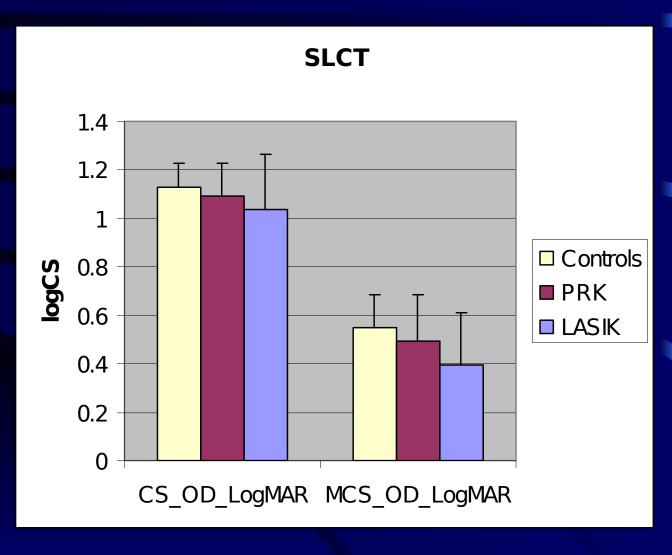


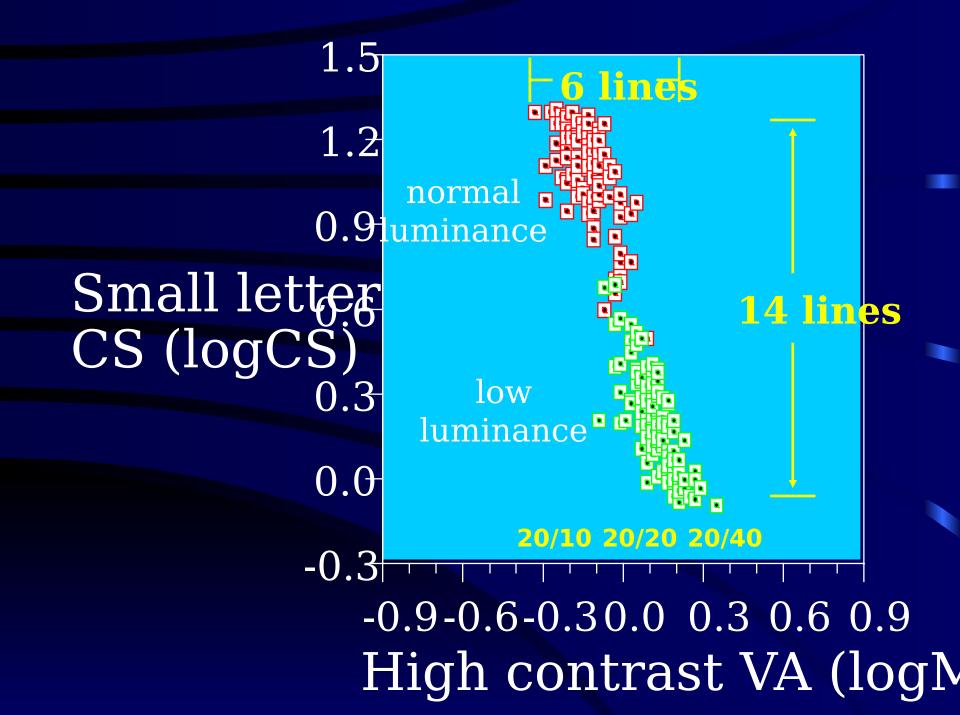


Visual Performance (Contrast Sensitivity)



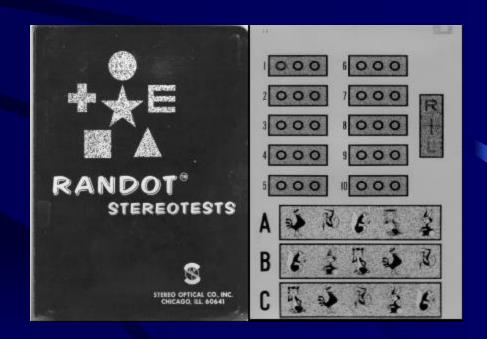






Current standards for binocular vision (stereopsis) & how tested

- Aviation
 - 40 seconds of arc stereopsis
- Standard Service
 - None



Much ado about stereopsis

- Stereopsis may become more important as binocular display systems (e.g. head-up displays) become the norm
- Suppression or diplopia (with poor

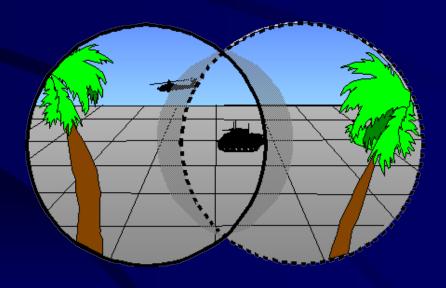




Research in depth perception & binocularity

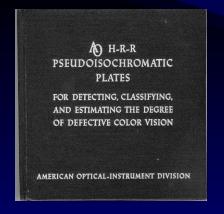
- Use of monocular head-up display (Apache IHADSS)
- Binocular overlap
- Binocular tolerances in head-mounted

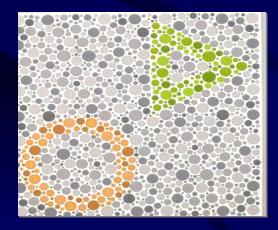




Current standards for color vision & how tested

- Aviation
 - 5 or more errors on PseudoIsochromatic Plates
 - FALANT testing
- Standard Service (best corrected)
 - Although there is no standard, adequate color vision is a prerequisite for entry into many military specialties.







Much ado about color vision

- As the information needed by the soldier becomes more complicated, color information will be used more often in displays.
- Current color vision assess subtle color d



Research in color vision

- Impact of color deficiency on performance (e.g. blue/yellow color defect)
- Impact of color filters on performance (e.g. blue blockers)
- Low contrast color vision performance (affected in early ocular disease e.g. MS, glaucoma, macular dysfunction)



Should there be new standards?

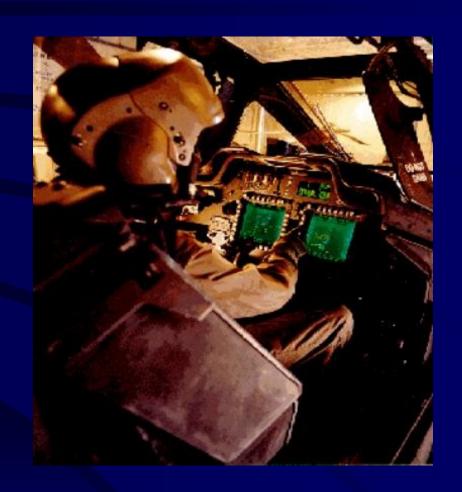
- Current standard
- Fringe elements
- New technology





Current standards

- How well do the fringe elements perform?
- Failures in schooling?
- Self selection out of a career field?



Challenges of new technology

 Can limitations of the soldier be overcome by advances in technology? – or

 Will advances in technology be limited by the soldier





Summary

- The visual demands for the future soldier are becoming more like the visual demands of the current aviator.
 - Acuity
 - Binocularity
 - Color vision
 - Other aspects to consider
- Lessons learned in aviation may enhance future selections across the services.
- Standards should be reviewed to determine operational applicability.

Questions?

